

Existing law prohibits carrying a firearm at a school, or in a firearm-free zone, and creates an exception for carrying a firearm within 1,000 feet of school property when entirely on private property, entirely within a private residence, or in accordance with a concealed handgun permit issued to certain law enforcement officers.

New law retains the provisions of existing law and expands the exception to include all concealed handgun permit holders.

New law provides that a person who has been convicted of 18 USC 491(a) [tokens or paper used as money] shall be permitted to qualify for a concealed handgun permit if a period of 15 or more years has elapsed between the date of application and the person has successfully completed or served any sentence, deferred adjudication, or period of probation or parole.

Existing law prohibits carrying a concealed handgun within a firearm-free zone.

New law eliminates the 1,000-foot firearm-free zone provision and includes the prohibition against carrying a concealed handgun at a school, school property, or school bus.

Effective August 15, 2010.

(Amends R.S. 14:95.2(C)(4) and R.S. 40:1379.3(C)(10) and (N)(11))